

The New Zealand Institute for Plant & Food Research Limited

Discussion paper The diseases of Solanum tuberosum caused by Spongospora subterranea: disrupted root function, root hyperplasia and powdery scab on tubers

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Discussion paper

- Summarise some experimental evidence
- Put forward a suggestion
- Gain response from this Workshop

Spongospora subterranea











Glasshouse experiment

- Uninoculated
- Inoculated with

S. subterranea

Water uptake, plant parameters





Change in shoot nutrients due to Spongospora inoculation

Nutrient	Change	Nutrient	Change
Na	+ 64 %	Κ	- 11 %
Mg	+ 11 %	S	- 11 %
Ca	+ 6 % ⁺	Fe	- 12 % ⁺
Ν	+ 4 %	Ρ	- 15 %
В	+ 2 % ⁺	Mn	- 25 %
		Zn	- 48 %
⁺ P>0.05		Cu	- 59 %



Glasshouse experiment

Eight cultivars uninoculated or **inoculated** with *S. subterranea*



- Very resistant 'Gladiator', 'Moonlight' 'Red Rascal'
- Moderately resistant 'Russet Burbank', 'Ranger Russet', 'Umatilla Russet'





• Very susceptible 'Iwa', 'Asterix'

- Plant parameters
- Water use
- Spongospora severity



Plant growth













Galls/g Root Dry Weight



Zoosporangia in roots



Time (weeks)



Shah et al. (2012). Aust. Plant Pathol. 41: 219-228



Plant parameters at harvest

change	-42%	
Inoc ^d	1.70	
Uninoc ^d	2.93	
	Mean wgt (kg) tubers per plant	



Plant parameters at harvest

	Mean wgt (kg) tubers per plant	Mean no. tubers per plant	
Uninoc ^d	2.93	12.1	
Inoc ^d	1.70	9.0	
change	-42%	-26%	



Plant parameters at harvest

	Mean wgt (kg) tubers per plant	Mean no. tubers per plant	Mean wgt (g) per tuber
Uninoc ^d	2.93	12.1	242
Inoc ^d	1.70	9.0	188
change	-42%	-26%	-22%





Soil moisture measurements

Time domain reflectometry

Dr Steve Thomas Dr Ruth Butler





Water use



- Irrigation
- Rain



Field observations in Tasmania

February 2008

- 19 fields surveyed at tuber filling
- (Russet Burbank, Umatilla Russet, Shepody, Bondi)
- 18 fields had plants with *Spongospora* root galls
- 90% sampled plants had root galls
- 59% sampled plants had tuber lesions



USA reports

- Yields of russet varieties of field-grown potatoes in Washington State, reduced by 5-12 t ha⁻¹ due to root infection by Spongospora
- Potato plants grown in soil inoculated with Spongospora had reduced plant growth and tuber yields.

Nitzan *et al.* (2008) *Plant Disease* 92: 1643-1649 Houser & Davidson (2010) *Am. J. Pot. Res.* 87: 285-298





Antioquia, Colombia (2010)



"La enfermedad en las raices redujo la producción a la mitad" **"This root infection reduces my yields by half"**

Field survey in Canterbury 2012/13 Potatoes NZ/McCain Foods, Ravensdown

11 crops, examined every 2 weeks from establishment ('Russet Burbank', 'Innovator')

- five crops without potatoes (10+ years)
- six crops with potatoes (≥1) in last 10 years

Six crops with severe galls (5 old, 1 new) Five without galls (1 old, 4 new)





Conclusions

- Spongospora adversely affects host plant growth and productivity
- Deleterious effects occur both in tuberresistant <u>and</u> tuber-susceptible cultivars
- Reduced root function, root galling and tuber powdery scab may not be related





The diseases of *Solanum tuberosum* caused by *Spongospora subterranea*

disrupted root function







tuber powdery scab



Disease:

disturbance that interferes with normal growth and development (structure, function).